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**QUEEN'S UNIVERSITY
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THE
R I G H T
OF THE
SOVEREIGN
IN THE
Choice of his Servants.

S H E W I N G

The Necessity of the Present Change of
the Ministry, and the Folly and De-
sign of the Last.

W I T H

A List of the Ministers and Officers
displac'd soon after Sacheverel's Tryal,
and of the Persons put in their Room.

To which is added,
Some seasonable Considerations on the en-
suing Elections for Members of Par-
liament.

*In a Letter to the Mayor of B———
in the County of S———*

God be thanked, they and their Schemes are va-
nish'd, and their Places shall know them no more.

Examiner, N°. 21.

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T H E
Right of the Sovereign
 IN THE
 Choice of his Servants, &c.

In a Letter to the Mayor of B —

Mr. M A Y O R,



Wonder very much that you who are so well taught all the commendable Practices of *Passive Obedience* and *Non-Resistance*, who have for these three or four Years last past, heard of nothing so much as the Authority of the *Government*, and the Prerogative of the *Crown* ; of the Right of the Prince to

B

put

put out and put in, as it is the Royal Pleasure, should all of a sudden tell me, *We are surprized to hear of the Turnings out and in you have at Court* One would think that you ha^d never read an *Examiner* or *Post-Boy*, and what would People say of the Surprize you were in when they knew that your Representative, the Knight of your Shire, was the very Man who declar'd, when he was one of the late *Manners*, *That there should not be a Whig in England left in a Place of Ten Pounds a Year?* which perhaps will recommend him to your Interest at the next Election, as amaz'd as you are, to hear Twenty or Thirty *Tories* are sent into the Country, and have Leisure to Cabal there and spirit up a *Faction* to make the Government uneasy.

I shall not be surpriz'd to hear of two or three Hundred Parsons hollowing the Baronet at F—r, notwithstanding he declar'd at the last Choice, *That though he was ally'd to a great Duke by Marriage, he should have no Influence upon him, but he would be for France and the Peace as much as any Body.* And he has made his Words good. I almost despair of seeing any Thing better come from your Quarter. Your Gentry and Clergy have defy'd Revolution Principles ever since the Revolution. Ken corrupted your Clergy and they did the same good Turn to the Gentry. The honest Peasants are drunk or bully'd into a base Compliace with them, and while your

your Lieutenancy and your Parsons are under the present Direction, I hope for no Amendment. The Majority out of Bigotry and Ignorance, will do as they have hitherto done, and make me still ashamed of being your Country-man.

'Tis a strange thing, that in so populous, so rich, and so trading a Country, there should be so many Bubbles. People generally know their Interest if they know nothing else, and it must be downright Stupidity that makes them *Vote* against themselves, as they do when ever they *Vote* for those that are against *Trade*, purely because their *Landlords* and their *Parsons* tell them they must be for the *Church*: A 'Name which serves indifferently for *War* or *Peace*, *Trade* or no *Trade*, as 'tis us'd to serve a present Turn, and hardly ever means what is pretended, the *Protestant Religion*: For can one think, that those jolly Sleek *Divines*, whom you will see and hear with a witness at the Election, are really in any Pain for the *Interests of Religion* and *Virtue*? For God-sake, inquire into their *Lives* and *Morals*; put it to your Conscience, do you really believe that those ruddy flaming Doctors make such a Clamour out of a pious Concern for the Souls of Men? What a Farce are they a playing, and how like the Fools of it the Countrymen whom they hall after them, look? This Trick has been play'd so long, that People must have less Wit than one thinks they have,

to be bubbled by it any more. If these Reverend Electors were truly concern'd for the *Church*, they wou'd, in the first place, take care to adorn the *Doctrine* they profess, the purest in the Christian World, by the Purity and Innocence of their Lives ; and the first appearance of that wou'd be in *Charity* and *Humility*, in *Moderation* and *Virtue*. Their Zeal wou'd flame out against *Vice*, and they wou'd leave the Care of the *Church* to those who have the Charge of it, their and our Spiritual Fathers, the Bishops.

For Shame don't shew your self to be a Man of so little Judgment, as to be for or against a Person, because the *Vicar* says he is a *Churchman* : I'll warrant whoever is put up against him, let him be call'd a *Presbyterian*, a *Fanatick*, or whatever the good *Manners* and good *Sense* of the Country *Clergy* shall think fit, he never in his Life was within the Walls of a *Conventicle*, but frequents the Church more, does it more Honour by his Principles and Practices than the greatest Zealots among his Antagonists. If this is not true, I'll venture to give up my Argument, and with very good Reason, for I never knew the Observation to fail, and know your County too well to think your *Churchmen* have more *Virtue* and Religion than others.

Pray do not mistake me, whenever I say *Church-men*, 'tis by no means to reflect on those who are *Church-men* in the true Sense

Sense of the Word ; who are Members of the *Church of England*, and practise what they profess. Such Men are, I doubt not, the best *Christians*, the best *Subjects*, and the best *Britons*, but those, who, not caring a Farthing for the Faith and Doctrine of the *Church*, have nothing so much as her Name in their *Mouths*, and nothing so little in their *Hearts*.

I would hope there cannot be so much Blindness remaining among you, as still to think your *Guides* are in Earnest, when they cry out the *Church is in Danger*. One would imagine they do it like the Fable of *Jack with the Lanthorn*, to laugh at you when they leave you in the *Mire*. But yet we have no Grounds to expect that you should be wiser now than you have been these Twenty Years, and the only People that did not lose their Wits in the late Times, or the first to recover them. You will surely have no *Fanatick*, no *Presbyterian*; I know your Parsons can do nothing without it: 'Tis the surest part of their Politicks: It works without thinking. The Noise does the Business, and those that *Out-haul* very commonly *Out-vote*.

However, do not you, Mr. *Mayor*, who have had the Advantage of three or four Years Magistracy, suffer your *Gravity* and *Wisdom* to be seton a Level with a Peasant's. *Ignorance* and *Stupidity*. Do not put such an Affront upon your Brains, as to think 'em worth no more than a *Plough-man's*.

Let

Let the *Gaffers* and *Doctors* go together, do you do nothing but what you can answer to *common Sense*, and I warrant you are not of their Company.

I must beg leave to excuse my self for taking a Freedom with your Country Clergy, by calling them *Parsons*, it being too Familiar for the Cloth. I own it, and never dare use the Word, but when 'tis apply'd to such as *Scamwell* and *Carlisle* among you, and such as *Sacheverell* and *Higgins* among us. I pay as great a Deference to the Holy Order as any Man living, and would not have it profan'd by rude Mirth, but in my Mind I strip those Clergymen of the Habit, who do indeed dishonour it, before I meddle with them.

'Tis true, this Excuse will not be allow'd of by the Vicars and Curates in your Country. They know their Interest too well not to shelter the Characters of their Persons under that of their *Profession*. They assume as much Reverence to themselves, as is due to our most Learned and Pious Divines: They will have it, that they are not only Church-men, but the Church itself, and in that Sense you must always take the Word, or you will be egregiously mistaken.

Another danger you are in of giving your Vote wrong, is from the great liking which my Countrymen have to *Otober*. It has so many Charms, that let the 'Squire be never so Dull and so Brutal, if his

his Cellar is full of it he shall have two or three hundred Horse after him at an *Election*. There's a Neighbouring Justice of yours, who not long ago was a younger Brother, and a Lieutenant of Foot, whom you would then hardly drink a Mug with, and Providence having made him an *Elder*, Brother, and his Cellar being well stock'd with *October*, though 'tis a Question whether he can do any thing to a Warrant but set his Mark to it; yet, out of an insatiable Thirst after his *Strong Beer*, you have all mistaken him for a Politician, and as such sent him up hither to represent you.

For my own part, I would rather fling his Drink into the Wash-Tub, than suffer the Impertinence of his Company ; and what a Melancholly Sight would it be to see two or three hundred Men with the Faces of Reasonable Creatures, led along by a Dunce to vote as his Parson bids him, only for the Pleasure of being Drunk with him.

I'm satisfy'd half the Votes in your Country are given meerly for Cellar-sake, though Conscience sometimes may be pretended. What a poor Consideration is a Pot of Ale, especially when Men have enough of it at Home? and what a sorry Guide is a Country Justice, whose Tutor was perhaps the Parish-Clerk, or at best a little Rural Pedagogue, who kept his *Academy in the Chancel*.

If I could not judge for my self, I would observe which side the Men of most Sense and Virtue took, and go along with them. I would take it for granted, that a House of Lords with Six and twenty Bishops among them, and a House of Commons every Man of 'em *Church-men*, would never do the Church any Hurt, that wherever such a Cry was made, there must be Roguery at the Bottom, and those that made it, should have no Vote of mine.

It is now plain, and as clear as the Sun at Noon-Day, that the late Managers intended to bring in the Pretender. Their Guilt is known, and their Fear of Punishment would, doubtless, push them on the most Treasonable Projects to escape it. Their wicked Designs against the Protestant Succession, must give his present Majesty a true Idea of them; and what can they hope from a Prince of so much Wisdom and Justice, whose Mercy to them would be inconsistent with his own and our Safety? And will you Vote for any one of those Managers, after the E— of O—d himself has told you in the *Secret History of the Staff*, they met in secret Cabals, where every Proposal they made was Treason to their Queen and Country? Will you Vote for a Person found among them, a Manager himself, or a Tool of theirs fitted to any vile Work? Can such a one be a true Friend to the Church? What would *Perkin* have done

done with us and our Religion, if those Managers had carry'd their Point, and brought him in. Would not Popery and Slavery have been part of his Train ? Those were the Men who did indeed bring the Church into the utmost Danger, and yet those very Men will cry out, now the late happy Change has sav'd her, that she's again in as much Peril, as when *Sachaverell* was try'd.

Having sufficient Warning given you of them and their Practices, you will never be able to answer it to your Country and your Conscience, if you contribute to put any Trust into such Hands, and the greatest Trust you can give them, is to represent you in Parliament, There can be no Madness like it.

There is not a Man who has his Wits about him, but is now satisfy'd that the late Managers were giving themselves and us entirely to *France* and the Pretender ; and is it so very strange as to surprize you to hear, that the Government will no longer make use of them or their Creature ; a Government, whose Interests are incompatible with thos: of the Pretender and *France*. When those Managers got her Majesty to displace the best Ministers that ever Prince was serv'd by, How were we reprov'd for daring to murmur at it ? And yet, good God, what Cause was there for Murmuring ?

Does not the *Examiner* tell us, No. 18. It is said the Queen had in a most dangerous Crisis turn'd out a whole set of the best Ministers that ever serv'd a Prince, without any manner of Reason but her Royal Pleasure, and brought in others of a Character directly contrary. And has not this Matter of Complaint been sufficiently made out in the last four Years Administration? Was it not then said, *That the old Ministers were Men whose Birth, Virtues and Abilities; whose Morals and Religion whose love of their Country and its Constitution were universally allow'd.* And in their room were put—— The very Names of them, and the occasion of mentioning them, are so shocking to Remembrance that a good Briton cannot think of it with Patience. Yet notwithstanding it is plain to every thinking Man, that it was impossible for the Kingdom to be sav'd from Ruin in such Hands; yet, I say, were we insulted and menac'd, if we dar'd to expres's any Regret for the loss of that good Ministry, which had so faithfully and so glorioufly serv'd their Queen and Country

Did not the *Examiner* tells us, No. 17. *No Body doubts but a Prince may chuse his Servants, without giving a Reason to his Subjects;* and he adds, what at this Juncture ought to be very well consider'd, *That a wise and good Prince will not change his Ministers without very important Reasons, and a good Subject ought to suppose that in such a Case there are such Reasons, though he be not apprised of them*

them, otherwise he must inwardly tax his Prince of Capriciousness, Inconstancy or ill Designs, such Reasons indeed may not be obvious to Persons prejudic'd, or at a great distance, or short Thinkers.

Now though this Government can by no means be charg'd with Capriciousness or Inconstancy, and is constant to its Friends in trusting and honouring them, Yet prejudic'd Persons, or at a great distance, or short Thinkers, will be surpriz'd to hear of Turnings in and out, when they are influenc'd by Faction, and do not remember what their Master the Examiner taught them, That a Prince may chuse his Servants, without giving a Reason to his Subjects. Indeed the present Government has no need of giving a Reason. The late Treasurer has done it for them by confessing his Accomplices in the Change of the Ministry upon Sacheverell's business were plotting its Destruction, and there is not a Man in England, who knows any thing at all of the Matter, but verily, and from his Soul, believes, that the Protestant Succession had not greater Enemies in the World than the late Managers.

So that to be surpriz'd that they are turn'd out at this Juncture, is no great Evidence of the Solidity of a Man's Judgment. The Examiner tells us, No. 19. Why shou'd not a Revolution in the Ministry be sometimes necessary, as well as a Revolution in the Crown? It is to be presum'd, the former is at least as lawful in itself; and perhaps the Experiment not quite

so dangerous. This Revolution so extenuated and excus'd by him was so far from being necessary, that the very contrary was of absolute Necessity, or doubtless all our Friends Abroad would not have taken the Allarm at it.

The Emperor, the States General, and the Court of *Hannover*, thought themselves oblig'd for their own sakes as well as ours, to make use of the most pressing Instances to prevent any Alteration of the Ministry, which twas easly to be foreseen would produce Alteration of Measures to the ruin of the Confederacy and the Ballance of Power in *Europe*.

'Tis true, the Emperor and the States General were treated by our scurrilous State-Writers, the *Post Boy* and *Examiner*, as Insolent for intermeddling in our Affairs : And yet alas ! did our Court do the very same with that of *Vienna*, in endeavouring to have some Ministers remov'd who were against a Treaty with the *Hungarians* : Besides, nothing is more common than for Princes engag'd in so close Alliance as we were then with the *Germans* and *Dutch* to concern themselves in the Affairs of those States, on whose Safety their own so nearly depends. However, it was enough for us to give our selves Airs, and cry, *Shall not the Q——n do what she will with her own ? Shall she not be Mistress of her own Servants ? Will you take from her the Power to employ whom she thinks fit in her*

Ser-

Service? Would any of you be serv'd so your selves?

Fine Reasoning this! and yet 'twas what they stop'd our Mouths with, and to open them was Sedition, unless 'twas to say as they did. How prettily did your good Friend the *Examiner*, making himself still merry with the Revolution, argue on this Occasion? Pray think of it now it is to the purpose, as much as you did when every Word was *Sophistry* and *Nonsense*, as he would have had it intepreted. *The Revolution of the Sun about the Earth*, quoth he, *was formerly thought a very necessary Expedient to solve Appearances*, though it left many Difficulties unanswered; till Philosophers contriv'd a better, which is that of the Earth's Revolution about the Sun. This is found by Experience to save much Time and Labour, to correct many irregular Motions, and is better suited to the Respect^r due from a Planet to a fix'd Star.

This notable Argument, Mr. Major, did he make use of to justify the necessity of displacing the Friends to their Queen and Country, and bringing in Creatures of France and the Pretender.

You were told two or three Months ago that it was little less than Treason to say the late Managers intended to bring in *Popery* and *Slavery*, the sure Consequence of the coming in of the Chevalier d^e St George. But that Matter is now out of the Question; for the Prime Manager himself confesses it, with respect to all the other

ther *Primes*, himself excepted ; and among those *Primes* comes in your noble Knight, who was to have a chief Hand in the *Management of the State*, in modelling the *Army* and *Fleet*, and executing what the Bis— swore should be done, the *restoring the Rightful Heir*.

I must beg you therefore to take it along with you, that this Change in the Management is by no means to be compar'd with the former. I do not suppose there's a Man in *England* who did believe the old Ministers were in the *Interests of France*, and there cannot be a Man in *England* in his Wits, if he ever thought of the Matter, but must see by the *Treaties of Peace and Commerce*, that *France* had not an Enemy among the late *Managers*.

If to be a Friend to *France* is to be an *Enemy to England*, which I leave to you your self to determine, than were we most surely in the Hands of the *Enemies of our Country*, made so by the necessity of the very *Change* we complain'd of : For the Allies darr'd not trust us when such Men were at the Head of Affairs, and *France* only could support them there.

Had the War been continued till we had got a good Peace, the Duke of *Marlborough* must have commanded in it, and what Success could have been expected from the Conduct of even that Victorious General, when he was to concert Measures with those that envy'd and hated him, and wish'd his Destruction ? This they

they knew so wise and so renown'd a General as his Grace is, would never consent to, nor that the *Confederates* would carry on the *War* chearfully without him. For which reason, and to continue themselves in the Posts they had usurp'd, they were forc'd to throw themselves upon *France*, and the natural Consequence of that was the embracing the *Party* of the *Pretender*.

This is so obvious, that had not the *White Staff* confess'd it, there would be hardly a Mortal in *Great Britain* surpriz'd to hear that this Government has remov'd such Men, and all their *Abettors* from Places of Trust, Profit and Honour? Can his Majesty *too soon* have his Friends about him, or be *too quick* in our *Security*? You might as well have said you were surpriz'd to hear you had a Prince on the Throne, who was Zealous to secure to you your Trade, your Religion and Liberty, all which was to have been sacrific'd to *France*, by calling in the *Pretender*, as the *White Staff* assures us, was the design of the Men that have been *displac'd*; and whether what he says of them in his *Secret History* be literally true or not, it is certainly so in effect. He acknowledges, that Incouragement was given to the *Jacobites* to hope the Subversion of our Constitution that those *Traytors* were flatter'd and favour'd, and this I could give you a thousand notorious Instances of, but shall content my self with one, and that is, the giving a Commission to

to Higgins, who was one of the Men for whom a Thousand Pounds Reward was offer'd and given, on occasion of the bloody Conspiracy to assassinate King William. To this Man, I say, did the late Managers give a Place of Trust, and can you wonder that all Places of Trust are taken out of such Hands. If you wonder at these Things, you may well wonder at Perkin's quitting Barleduc, and that you did not hear he was arriv'd at Whitehall, the only Place I was ever afraid of his invading us at. I doubt not it was matter of great surprize to Thousands as well as you, that all the hopes of him and his Faction were vanish'd at once: But be not surpriz'd any more at the good Providence of God; be thankful to him for all his Mercies, and for this especially his most seasonable One.

I have observ'd to you, that the Change of the Ministry after Sacheverel's Tryal was a fatal one. What haste was made then to turn out the wisest and greatest Men in England, and yet you were in no surprize about it, your Doctor telling you, my Lord Godolphin and my Lord Duke of Marlborough were Presbyterians I believe you have forgot who were remov'd, and in what Crouds to the loss of our Reputation and Credit: I must therefore rub up your Memory, and give you a List of Ministers and Officers displac'd, to make room for the late notable Managers, their Tools and Creatures. This was done with

with great malice; *Abel* and the *Examiner* were set to work by the *White Staff* and his *Brethren*, to vilify their Predecessors with the most villainous Falsities. The *Examiner* was actually paid by them, and *Abel* countenanc'd to insult them in every one of his Papers. Pray read the following Pages which I have collected out of his *Post-Boy*, and made use in most Places of his own Words.

A LIST of those that were displac'd by the late Managers upon the Change of the Old Ministry, and of those that were put in their Places.

1710 Mar 30. S. Rivers Co
of TOWER
Ap. 15. D Shrewsb. L. Chaw. Soc
June 4. S^r W. Oldes made Bla
— 15. L Dartmouth Secr. Soc
July 10. L Portmout Gbn. in Pen
July 10. S Auglesey Soc
July 21. L Bringsby
fro Cap. 1st Troop Guar

July 27. 1710. *Abel* says,

THEY write from Oxford, that Sir Simon Harcourt and several other Gentlemen, are made Justices of that County.

August 10.

The Earl of Godolphin is remov'd. The White Staff given to the Earl Pamlet, Robert Harley Esq; the Hon. Henry Paget Esq; Robert Benson Esq; Sir Thomas Mansel Bart.

August 15.

A new Lieutenancy of London is brought to Kensington.

The Earl of Rochester is made Lord Lieutenant of Cornwall, in the room of the Earl of Godolphin.

Lieutenant General Webb is made Governor of the Isle of Wight, in the room of the Duke of Bolton.

The Duke of Beaufort is made Lord Lieutenant of Hampshire, and Warden of New Forest, in the room of the Duke of Bolton.

September 7.

The Earl of Jersey is made Governor of Dover Castle, and Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, in the room of the Earl of Dorset. And says Abel,

His Grace the Duke of Hamilton is made Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster, in the room of the Earl of Derby.

Major Holmes is appointed Deputy Governor of the Isle of Wight, in the room of Anthony Morgan Esq;

The Lord Berkley of Stratton is made Chancellor of the Dutchy and County Palatine of Lancaster, in the room of the Earl of Derby.

Sir Simon Harcourt is made Attorney-General, in the room of Sir James Mountague.

The Lord Somers is remov'd from being President of the Council.

September 21. Parl. Dissolved

The Duke of Devonshire is remov'd from being Lord Steward.

Henry St. John Esq; is made Secretary of State, in the room of Mr Boyle.

23 L. C. Cooper Regd. by G. Seal.

The

The Earl of *Orford*, first Commissioner of the Admiralty, has resign'd.

The Earl of *Wharton*, Lord Lieutenant of *Ireland*, has resign'd.

The Earl of *Rochester* is made President of the Council.

The Duke of *Bucks* Lord Steward.

Septemb. 26.

Sir *Tho. Trevor*,
Judge *Tracy*
Baron *Scoop*,
are made Commissioners of the Great Seal.

September 28.

The Right Hon *James Vernon* Esq; and the Honourable *Francis Roberts* Esq; are remov'd from being Tellers of the Exchequer. / *Sep. 29 John E. of Anglesey being dead, Arthur E. of Anglesey was made*
Arch. gen. or wth L. Hyde

Septemb. 30.

Her Majesty has been pleased to grant the Office of Surveyor-General of all Her Majesty's Lordships, Mannors, Castles, &c. to *John Manley* Esq; in the room of *Samuel Travers* Esq; And to appoint *Edward Jeffries* Esq; And — *Lutwidge* Esq; Her Council at Law.

George Grandville Esq; is appointed Secretary at War, in the room of *Adam de Cardonnel* Esq;

Samuel Lynne Esq; is made his chief Clerk, in the room of *James Taylor* Esq;

A Commission is passing the Seals for altering the Lieutenancy of this C.ty, in which several that were in the former Commission are left out, and others put in their rooms.

Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint Sir John Leake, Sir William Drake, &c. to be Lords of the Admiralty, in the room of the Earl of Orford, &c.

The Lord Hide is made Receiver General and Pay Master of Ireland, in the room of the Lord ~~Caningsby~~.

October 12.

On Tuesday the Queen's Commission for a new Lieutenancy for the City of London was open'd at Guild-hall, where the Right Hon. Sir Samuel Garrard Bart. Lord Mayor, Sir Francis Child. Sir John Parsons, Sir Robert Bedingfield, Sir William Withers, and Sir Richard Hoare, were unanimously chosen Colonels of the six City Regiments, in the room of Sir William Ashurst, &c.

N. B. The Lieutenancy was so alter'd the Day before the Election for the City began, which was the 11th of October, and the Commission came down the 10th.

October 18

Yesterday Morning Sir Simon Harcourt had the Seals delivered to him as Lord Keeper, and Sir Edward Northey is made Attorney General.

October 19.

The Duke of Ormond is declared Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, in the room of the Earl of Wherton.

Richard Appleby Esq; is appointed Secretary to the Petitions in Chancery, in the room of — Allison Esq;

2 now B. Robinson Byssor

Christopher

Christopher Dupper Esq; made Secretary to the Bankrupts.

William Bridges Esq; Secretary of the Presentations, in the room of Sir Thomas Allen.

Henry Croße Esq; Secretary of the Decrees.

— *Cottingham Esq; Secretary of the Lunaticks.*

The Earl of Peterborough is made General of the Marines. *C Envoy to Vienna*

E Rivers Envoy to Hanover / R Hill to Holland &c &c Envoy

Lest out in the List of the 16 Scots Peers. Those put in their Places *.

Duke of Montross.	Duke of Athol.
Duke of Roxborough.	Earl Marshal.
Marq. of Lothian.	Earl of Eglington.
Earl of Crawford.	Earl of Hume.
Earl of Rothes.	Viscount Kilflyth.
Earl of W mes.	Lord Balmerino.
Earl of Leven.	Lord Blantyre.
Earl of Seaford.	Marq. of Annandale.
Earl of Glasew.	Earl of Kinoul.

(* See the History of the Scots Plot; and the Scots Memoirs.)

Jersey P. Seal. q. Beaufort C Hamilton P. Gouf. C. L. Lieut's

December 16.

The Commissions of Lieutenant General Meredith Major General Maccartney, and Collonel Honeywood, are superceded for speaking unbecoming Words of Robert Harley Esq; &c.

Sir

Sir James Wishart, and George Clark Esq; are made Lords of the Admiralty, in the room of George Dodington Esq; and Sir George Bing.

The Earl of Abingdon Lord Chief Justice in Eyre, in the room of the Earl of Wharton.

The Countess of Abingdon one of the Ladies of the Bed Chamber, in the room of —

The Earl of Hertford is made Governor of Tinmouth Fort, in the room of General Meredith.

Decemb: 21.

Last Week Damaree and Purchase pleaded their Pardons.

The Honourable Coniers Darcy, Esq; is made Gentleman of the Horse, in the room of Lieutenant General Meredith.

Dec. 26. Capt. Phipps K^t C^o and L. Chanc. Jrl.

N. B. General Meredith lost his Commission of Lieutenant-General, of Collonel of a Regiment, of Governor of Tinmouth, and his Post of Gentleman of the Horse, for speaking unbecoming Words of those worthy Gentlemen, Robert Harley Esq; and Henry St. John Esq; &c.

January 4.

Robert Walpole Esq; is remov'd from being Treasurer of the Navy.

The Earl of Orrery has Lieutenant-General Meredith's Regiment.

Coll. Kane, Major General Maccartney's.

Collonel Clayton, Collonel Honeywood's.

Jan.

January 27.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to make Mrs. *MASSAM* Privy Purse, in the room of *Sarah, Duchess of Marlborough.*

This is one of the smartest Tests in Abel's Works.

Her Grace the Duchess of *Somerset* is made first Lady of the Bed-Chamber, and Lady of the Wardrobe, in the room of the Duchess of *Marlborough.*

Her Majesty has appointed the Duke of *Argyle* Her Ambassador Extraordinary to the King of *Spain*, and Commander in Chief of Her Forces in that Kingdom, in the room of General *Stanhope.*

Sir *John Leake* is appointed Admiral and Commander in Chief of Her Majesty's Fleet, in the room of *Matthew Alymer, Esq;*

William Wright Esq; one of the Commissioners Extraordinary for Plymouth, is suspended, in order to be remov'd.

February 22.

Sir *Henry Dutton Colt, Bart.*
Sir *Edward Lawrence, Knt.*

Richard

Richard Woolaston, |
Robert Perrymen, |
Thomas Stringer, |
Samuel Traers |
John Coggs, |
Samuel Blackerby, |
John Ellis, |
 Esquires.

Are displaced from being Justices of the Peace.

Captain *Richard Edwards* is made Commissioner of the Navy at *Plymouth*, in the room of *Capt Wright*.

Roger Millart Esq; is made one of the Agents for Taxes, in the room of *Robert Barker Esq*;

April 31.

The Lord *Rialton*, Son to the Earl of *Godolphin*, is remov'd from being Cofferer to Her Majesty, and is succeeded by the Honourable *Samuel Massam, Esq*; Brigadier General.

May.

Robert Harley Esq; was made a Double Earl and Lord High Treasurer on the Day of King *Charles II's*. Nativity and Restoration.

Allan Broderick *Esq*; one of the Chief of the Clans of the, now declining, Whiggish Party, is remov'd from being Lord Chief Justice o^c the Queen's Bench in the Kingdom of Ireland, and is succeeded in that Office by the Right Hon. Sir Richard Cox.

Sir

Sir Richard Leving is appointed Attorney General, and Francis Bernard Esq; Sollicitor General of that Kingdom.

Richard Nuttley Esq; is made a Judge of the Queen's Bench in Ireland, in the room of James Maccartney Esq;

June 12. 1711.

The Honourable Heneage Finch Esq; is made Master of the Jewel House, in the room of John Charlton Esq;

Charles Cæsar Esq; is made Treasurer of the Navy, in the room of Master Walpole.

Sir William Windham is made Master of the Buck Hounds, in the room of Mr Chetwind.

Capt Hammond is made Governor of Languard Fort, in the room of Collonel Jones.

Mr Serjeant Banister is made first Judge in Upper South Wales Circuit, in the room of Serjeant Whiteacre.

John Ward Esq; second Judge of Chester, in the room of John Pocklington Esq. Edward Jeffries and William Bridges Esqrs. in the room of Mr Serjeant Hook and Mr

On Saturday Morning last the White Staff was taken from Sir John Holland, Comptroller of her Majesty's Household, and yesterday Morning given to Sir Thomas Mansel, Bart.

Edward Philips Esq; is made Comptroller of the Mint, in the room of John Ellis, Esq;

Her Majesty has been pleased to order a new Commission for Trade and Plantations, of which are *Arthur Moore, Esq; Francis Gwin Esq; &c.*

Nicholas Lechmere Esq; one of the Managers against Dr. *Henry Sacheverel*, is remov'd from being of Her Majesty's Council at Law, and is succeeded by *John Ward Esq;*

Edward Foley Esq; is made Receiver of the Duties on Leather.

Thomas Harley Esq; is made Coadjutor to *William Loundes Esq;* Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr *John Flunt* is constituted one of the Receivers General of the Lottery.

July 16.

The Honourable *Henry Paget Esq;* is made Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard, in the room of the Lord Viscount Townshend.

William Ettrick Esq; Council Learned in the Law for the Affairs of the Admiralty and Navy, in the room of *George Townshend Esq;*

The Honourable *James Bruce Esq; N. B.* Brother to the Right Honourable the Earl of *Ailesbury*, is made one of the Comptrollers of the Army, in the room of *Thomas Broderick Esq;* Brother to the late Lord Chief Justice of *Ireland*.

His Grace the Duke of *Buckingham* is made Lord Lieutenant of the North Riding of *York*, in the room of the Duke of *Newcastle*.

The

The Earl of Denbigh is made Lord Lieutenant of the County of Leicester, in the room of the Duke of Rutland.

The Earl of Scarsdale, Lord Lieutenant of Derbyshire, in the room of the Duke of Devonshire.

The Lord Viscount Weymouth *Custos Rotulorum* of Wiltshire, in the room of the Marquis of Dorchester.

The Lord North and Grey, Lord Lieutenant of Cambridgeshire, in the room of the Duke of Bedford.

July 12.

Thomas Coleby, Esq; is remov'd from being one of the Commissioners of the Navy.

Walter Whitfield Esq; Pay-Master General of the Marines, is remov'd from that Office, wherein he is succeeded by Sir Roger Mostyn, Bart.

The Lord Cheyne is made Clerk of the Pipe, in the room of William Ferrer Esq;

Anthony Hammond Esq; is appointed Pay-Master of the Forces in pain, in the room of Mr Mead.

Mr Benjamin Tooke, Bookseller in Fleet-street, and Mr John Barber, City Printer, are appointed to print the *London Gazette*, in the room of Jacob, Doorholder to the Society of the Kit-Cat-Club, and Chamber-keeper of their Effigies.

The Lord Duplin, Son-in-Law to the Lord Treasurer, is made one of the Tellers of the Exchequer, in the room of Le^regrine Bertie Esq;

Mr Thomas Robinson is appointed her Majesty's Blacksmith, in the room of Josiah Key.

The Right Reverend and Right Honourable John Bishop of Bristol, is made Lord Privy Seal.

Sir James Stewart is made Queen's Advocate in Scotland, in the room of Sir David Dalrymple.

The Right Honourable the Earl of Denbigh is chosen Receiver of Coventry, in the room of my Lord Sunderland.

Richard Chicheley Esq; is appointed Gazetteer, in the room of Mr Scot.

The Right Honourable the Lord Fruse has made the Honourable Edward Carteret Esq; his Deputy Recorder of Bedford, in the room of Mr Farrer.

New-Years-Day, 1711-12.

Twelve LORDS made.

January 3.

His Grace the Duke of Marlborough is remov'd from all his Places.

His Grace the Duke of Somerset from being Master of the Horse, and his Grace the Duke of St Albans from being Captain of the Band of Pensioners.

His Grace the Duke of Ormond has got the first Regiment of Foot Guards, which the Duke of Marlborough had.

The Earl Rivers is made Master of the Ordnance, in the room of the Duke of Marlborough.

His

His Grace the Duke of *Ormond* is appointed General of the Forces in *England*.

The Duke of *Beauford* is made Captain of the Band of Pensioners.

Lieutenant General *Cadogan* is remov'd from being Lieutenant of the *Tower*, and is succeeded by Brigadier *Hill*.

Sir *Matthew Dudley*, Mr. *Newport*, Mr. *Culliford* and Mr. *Shute*, are remov'd from being Commissioners of the Customs.

The Lady *Rialton* has resign'd her Place of one of the Ladies of the Bed-Chamber, and is succeeded by the Lady *Katherine Hide*.

The Lady *Sunderland* has resign'd her Place as one of the Ladies of the Bed-Chamber,

John Merrick Esq; is made Chief Justice of North *Wales*, in the room of Serjeant *Hook*.

— *Ousley Esq;* is made Clerk of the Deliveries for the Ordnance, in the room of *James Craigs Esq;*

The Lord Viscount *Townshend* is remov'd from being Lord Lieutenant of *Norfolk*.

His Grace the Duke of *Beaufort* is made Lord Lieutenant of the County of *Gloucester*, in the room of the Earl of *Berkeley*.

His Grace the Duke of *Ormond* is declar'd Captain General of Her Majesty's Forces in *Flanders*, in the room of his Grace the Duke of *Marlborough*.

The Right Honourable the Lord Viscount *Weymouth* is made Keeper of the Forest

Forest of *Dean*, and Constable of the Castle of *St. Briavells*, in the room of the Earl of *Berkeley*.

Thomas Goodal Esq; and *John Harwood Esq;* are remov'd from being Commissioners of the Wine-Licencie Office.

His Grace the Duke of *Shrewsbury* is made Lord Lieutenant of the County of *Salop*, in the room of the Earl of *Bradford*.

The Earl of *Thanet*, Lord Lieutenant of *Westmoreland* and *Cumberland*, in the room of the Earl of *Carlisle*.

The Lord *Cheney*, Lord Lieutenant of *Bucks*, in the room of the Earl of *Bridgewater*.

The Earl of *Abingdon*, Lord Lieutenant of *Oxfordshire*, in the room of the Duke of *Marlborough*; and the Bishop of *Durham* Lord Lieutenants of that County, in the room of the Earl of *Scarborough*.

Lieutenant General *Erle* is remov'd from all his Places.

The Right Honourable the Earl of *Salisbury* is made Lord Lieutenant of the County of *Hertford*, in the room of the Lord *Cowper*.

Edmund Dunch Esq; is remov'd from being Master of Her Majesty's Household, and is succeeded by Sir *William Pole, Bart.*

Harry Mordaunt Esq; is remov'd from being Treasurer of the Ordnance, and is succeeded by *Charles Everfield Esq;*

The Honourable *Dixey Windsor Esq;* is made Clerk of the Stores, in the room of *Edward Ash Esq;*

Sir

Sir Charles Turner and George Bailie Esq; are remov'd from being Commissioners for Trade and Plantation.

John Price Esq; is made a Commissioner of the Excise, in the room of Nicholas Pollexfen Esq;

John Smith Esq; is turn'd out from being one of the Tellers of the Exchequer.

The Lord North and Grey is made Governor of Portsmouth, in the room of General Erle.

The Duke of Hamilton.

The Duke of Beaufort.

The Duke of Kent.

The Earl of Oxford.

The Earl Poulett.

The Earl of Strafford.

Are made Knights of the Garter.

When you seriously consider this matter, and have upon Inquiry into the Characters of the Men turn'd out, and those put in, weigh'd the Parties in a Balance, you will be amaz'd indeed to think that the Nation shou'd be so easy in being depriv'd of the Services of so many able and faithful Ministers, and put into the Hands of —— Our Enemies will tell the rest with Pleasure

While all this was doing, the Queen's Prerogative was never question'd by you; 'twas rare Times, every thing went Right, and

as

as they should do. This was the Cant, and yet now you wonder to see those good *Ministers* and *Patriots* restor'd to the *Ministry* and *Places* from which they were so unjustly displac'd. What an idle foolish Complaint is this? How very partial and ridiculous, and how wretched shou'd we be, if to prevent your being surpriz'd, his Majesty's best *Friends* were kept out of Employ, and his profess'd *Enemies* continu'd in Trust? Do not think it strange, that the wisest Prince in the World should know his Interest better than you, and since his and his People's Interests are now blended together, learn to practise that Sound Doctrine asserter'd by your Teachers, in Season and out of Season, to be *passively Obedient* to him whom the Lord hath anointed King over you. For such Obedience is most certainly due to such a Prince, in whose *Wisdom* and *Justice* we are as safe as in our *Laws* and *Liberties*.

What an ill Time of it wou'd the Government have, if it hearken'd to every Complaint made by the *disgusted* and *disappointed*? There are great Numbers of honest well meaning Men, who are on the other hand as angry and as surpriz'd as you can be, that there is a Man left in Place who was employ'd by the late *Ministers*. To have been trusted by Men who were betraying us, is sufficient ground, they think, to conclude, they shou'd not be trusted by those who wou'd save us. They are

are of your Knight's Mind, and wou'd not have an Office of Ten Pounds a Year left in *Tory Hands*. But those are as blameable as you and your Neighbours, and very undutifully animadver't on the Conduct of the wisest Prince and Ministry in the World. His Majesty is King of *Whigs* and *Tories*, and 'tis impossible for so excellent and so prudent a Prince to suffer his *Ministers* to make such odious Distinctions as the late *Managers* made, robbing the greatest part of her Majesty's Subjects of the *Grace* and *Benefit* of her Favour and Protection.

Our present *Sovereign Reigns Himself* over his own *People*, and not by delegated Powers. All *Protestant Britons*, and *Popish* too, as far as they keep within the Bounds of their Duty, will be receiv'd by him with equal *Grace*, and partake alike of its *Benefits*, when they shew alike Affection to his *Government*.

God forbid we should ever have a Prince on the *Throne* who should refuse the Service of a *Loyal Subject* because of such or such a *Denomination*, and God forbid too we shoud over-value the Merit of our selves or our Friends, and not prefer his *Majesty's* good Pleasure, who best knows what is fit for us, to our own. The surest way to obtain and continue in the good *Graces* of such a *King*, is to *deserve* it; and the surest way to *deserve* it, is to promote *Union*; to be Zealous for the true *Interests*

of the Crown and Kingdom, and not busily meddle with Things that do not *belong* to us; for in so doing we shall surely talk of Things we do not *understand*, which will shew us to be at once both *Fools* and *Madmen*.

F I N I S.



